

# **Enoch Bailey**

**1890 - 1912**

**and Family**

*“from workhouse to workhouse”*

The Bailey family appear in the list of inmates of Llanfyllin Workhouse recorded in the 1891 census.

Administrative County of Montgomery The undermentioned Houses are situate within the Boundaries of the \_\_\_\_\_ Page 41

Civil Parish of <u>Llanfyllin</u>		Municipal Borough of <u>Llanfyllin</u>			Municipal Ward _____		Urban Sanitary District of <u>Llanfyllin</u>			Town or Village or Hamlet of <u>Llanfyllin</u>			Rural Sanitary District _____			Parliamentary Borough or Division of _____		Ecclesiastical Parish or District of <u>Llanfyllin</u>	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17			
No. of Schedule	ROAD, STREET, &c., and No. or NAME of HOUSE	HOUSES	Number of inmates in (A) or in (B)	NAME and Surname of each Person	RELATION to Head of Family	CON-DITION as to Marriage	AGE last Birthday of	PROFESSION or OCCUPATION	WHERE BORN	(1) Deaf-and-Dumb (2) Blind (3) Lunatic, Imbecile or Idiot	Language Spoken								
	<u>H. Northhouse (land)</u>			<u>Elizabeth Edwards</u>	<u>Female</u>		<u>27</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>Mont. Maifod</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Elizabeth Watkins</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Sarah Smith</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Marjaret Hughes</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Jane Mason</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Margaret Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Elizabeth Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Elizabeth Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Elsie Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>20</u>	<u>Domestic</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Ruth Bailey</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>27</u>	<u>Dairymaid</u>	<u>Maifod</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>John Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>12</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>William Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>4</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>John Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>16</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Edwin Edwards</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>7</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Emily Edwards</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>12</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>John Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>12</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Hugh Bailey</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>8</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>Llansanffraid</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Nancy Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>12</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Edmund Bailey</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>1</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Harriet Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>12</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Elizabeth Jones</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>12</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
				<u>Richard Williams</u>	<u>"</u>		<u>12</u>	<u>"</u>	<u>St. Asaph</u>		<u>Welsh</u>								
End of the Ecclesiastical Parish of <u>Llanfyllin</u> (Part of)																			
Total of Houses and of Tenements with less than Five Rooms ...				Total of Males and Females...			<u>117</u>	<u>1216</u>											

Ruth Bailey, single, aged 27, Dairymaid, born Maifod, and her sons  
 Hugh Bailey, aged 8, born Llansanffraid,  
 and  
 Enoch Bailey, aged 1, born Llanfyllin.

Ruth Bailey was born in 1864, the granddaughter of Edward and Catherine Bailey. She was part of a large family of three generations living in the township of Rhiwhiriaeth, near Llanfair Caereinion.

The family is recorded in the 1871 census...

[Page 11]

The undermentioned Houses are situate within the Boundaries of the											
* Civil Parish (or Township) of	City or Municipal Borough of	Municipal Ward of	Parliamentary Borough of	Town of	Village or Hamlet, &c., of	Local Board, or (Improvement Commissioners - District) of	Ecclesiastical District of				
							Newport 43				
No. of Schedule	ROAD, STREET, &c., and No. or NAME of HOUSE	HOUSES Inhabited (1) or Building (2)	NAME and Surname of each Person	RELATION to Head of Family	CON-DITION	AGE of		Rank, Profession, or OCCUPATION	WHERE BORN	Whether 1. Deaf and Dumb 2. Blind 3. Imbecile or Idiot 4. Lunatic	
						Male	Female				
38	Ynnydwynn	1	Robert W. Pappas	Head	Mar	51		Farmer, Southiff	Warrington, Cheshire, Lancashire		
			Emma M.	Wife	Mar	53		Wife	Birmingham		
bound of the Township of Rhiwhiriaeth - Commencement of the Township of Rhiwhiriaeth											
39	Rhiwhiriaeth	1	Thomas Evans	Head	Mar	44		Ag. Lab.	Cardigan, Pembrokeshire		
			Thomas	Wife	Mar	40		Wife	St. David's, Pembrokeshire		
40	Coek	1	Edward Bailey	Head	Mar	63		Farmer (50 acres)	Do Do		
			Catherine	Wife	Mar	60		Wife	Do Do		
			Catherine	Daughter	Mar	35		Wife	Do Do		
			Edward	Son	Mar	33		Son Ag. Lab.	Do Do		
			David	Son	Mar	7		Grand Child	Do Do		
			William	Son	Mar	4		Wife	Do Do		
			Ruth	Daughter	Mar	6		Wife	Do Do		
41	Coek	1	George Hughes	Head	Mar	54		Wife	Wales, Hampshire		
			George	Wife	Mar	57		Wife	Wales, Hampshire		
			John P. Roberts	Son	Mar	11		Child	Do Do		
			Edward J. Roberts	Son	Mar	4		Do	Do Do		
			Thomas	Son	Mar	7		Do	Do Do		
			William	Son	Mar	2		Do	Do Do		
42	Rhiwhiriaeth	1	Thomas Evans	Head	Mar	40		Farmer (50 acres)	Cardigan, Pembrokeshire		
			Thomas	Wife	Mar	43		Wife	Do Do		
			John	Son	Mar	11		Child	Do Do		
			Thomas	Son	Mar	9		Child	Do Do		
			Thomas	Son	Mar	8		Child	Do Do		
			Thomas	Son	Mar	3		Child	Do Do		
			Thomas	Son	Mar	4		Child	Do Do		
Total of Houses..		5	Total of Males and Females..			15	11				

In adult life, Ruth worked as a domestic servant.

Ruth's first son, Hugh, was born on 14 March 1884, when Ruth was about 19 years old. The birth took place in Llananffraid and it was registered at Llanfyllin Workhouse.

Superintendent Registrar's District <u>Llanfyllin</u>										
Registrar's Sub-District <u>Llananffraid</u>										
18 <u>84</u> . BIRTHS in the Sub-District of <u>Llananffraid</u> in the Counties of <u>Montgomery &amp; Denbigh</u>										
Columns:— 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.										
No.	When and Where Born.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name and Surname of Father.	Name and Maiden Surname of Mother.	Rank or Profession of Father.	Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant.	When Registered.	Signature of Registrar.	Baptismal Name if added after Registration of Birth.
361	April 14th March 1884 Llananffraid No. 2	Hugh	Boy		Ruth Bailey Domestic servant		+ The market Ruth Bailey mother Union Workhouse Llanfyllin	Twenty Seventh March 1884	John Davis Registrar	

Ruth's second son, Enoch, was born on 27 January 1890 when she was aged 25. By this time, Ruth and Hugh were inmates and the birth took place in the Workhouse.

Superintendent Registrar's District <u>Llanfyllin</u>										
Registrar's Sub-District <u>Llananffraid</u>										
18 <u>90</u> . BIRTHS in the Sub-District of <u>Llananffraid</u> in the Counties of <u>Montgomery &amp; Denbigh</u>										
Columns:— 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10.										
No.	When and Where Born.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name and Surname of Father.	Name and Maiden Surname of Mother.	Rank or Profession of Father.	Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant.	When Registered.	Signature of Registrar.	Baptismal Name if added after Registration of Birth.
422	Twenty Seventh January 1890 Union Workhouse Llanfyllin No. 2	Enoch	Boy		Ruth Bailey a Domestic servant of Llananffraid		J. Aubrey Jones Master Union Workhouse Llanfyllin	Sixth January 1890	John Davis Registrar	

As an unmarried mother, she would have been subjected to the full rigours of workhouse life, being classified as "undeserving poor".

In 1898, Hugh, aged 14, was deemed fit for service....

Workhouse children The Master reported that there were two boys named John James and Hugh Bailey in the Workhouse fit for service

V20 p264 22 September 1898

Initially, he was sent to William Pugh of Gelli Surnig.

Hugh Bailey (14<sup>1/2</sup> years) Workhouse  
 Mr. Wm. Pugh of Gelli Surnig applied for a boy as a servant where it was resolved on the motion of Mr. Wm. Jones recommended by Mr. Gd. Jones that he be allowed to have this boy for a year the Guardians providing the boy with an outfit and a pair of boots and the Employer to provide him with board lodging and pocket money during the year and at the termination of the year to provide the boy with an Outfit and a pair -

V20 p278 20 October 1898

By 1901, Hugh was living and working as an agricultural labourer on a farm near Guilsfield.

1898	Worm Farm	1					Manilla Higgins	Head	wid	61	James	Employer	Wormsley Guilsfield	Wormsley
							John D.	Bo	Son	5	41			
							George B.	Bo	Son	5	31			
							Edith	Bo	Serv	5	21			
							Hugh Bailey	Serv	S	17		Party Labourer	Wormsley	Wormsley

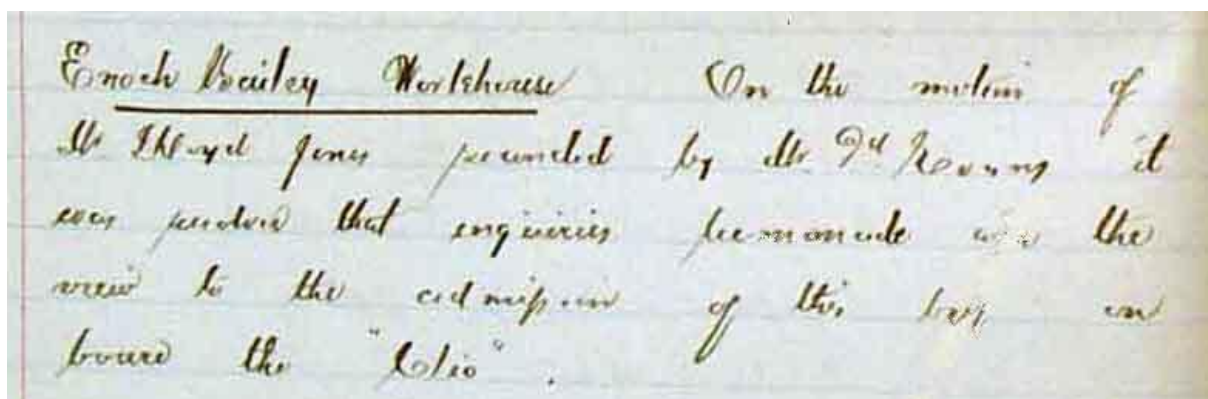
However, ten years later, Hugh had enlisted and was serving with the 3rd Battalion, Royal Welch Fusiliers.

Return of all Commissioned Officers, Warrant Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, Trumpeters or Drummers, and Rank and File, who passed the night of Sunday, April 2nd, 1911, in these Barracks or Quarters, or arrived on the morning of Monday, April 3rd, not having been enumerated elsewhere. [See Instructions 2 and 3 on page ii.]

1.	NAME IN FULL.	RANK.	AGE (last Birthday).	CONDITION as to MARRIAGE.	UNIT, or ARM OF SERVICE.	TRADE or OCCUPATION (if any).	BIRTHPLACE.
1	Thomas Jones	Private.	18	Single	3rd Bn (R) Royal Welch Fus.	442/4/0	Glam. Neath
2	James James Kelly	do	21	do	do		Shrewsb. Shrewsb.
3	Robert Allen Humphreys	do	14	do	do		Salop. Oswestry
4	William Lynch	do	19	do	do		Glan. Gwentol.
5	George Hughes	do	19	do	do		Glam. Neath
6	James Lawrence Thomas	do	18	do	do		Dublin. Rathbarney
7	William James Henry Parsons	do	14	do	do		Mon. Newport
8	Samuel John Lee	do	18	do	do		Glan. Neath
9	Lewis John Riddiford	do	24	do	do		Glan. Warrington
10	William Roberts	do	19	do	do		Staffs. Wolverhampton
11	Walter Ross	do	18	do	do		York. Barnsley
12	Charles Shaw	do	18	do	do		Glouc. Exeter
13	William Shea	do	18	do	do		Mon. Newport
14	Richard Smith	do	18	do	do		Mon. Radclif
15	Frederick Southern	do	18	do	do		Salop. Oswestry
16	George Sedstone	do	19	do	do		Worc. Wilbury
17	George Henry Sumner	do	18	do	do		Glouc. Rhyl
18	Leslie Henry Suter	do	14	do	do		Glan. Cardiff
19	Stevilyn Turner	do	21	do	do		Warrason. Warr.
20	Ernest Whitefield	do	20	do	do		Glan. Cardiff
21	Leone Williams	do	20	do	do		Mon. Radclif
22	James Williams	do	19	do	do		Glan. Tundale
23	Thomas David Williams	do	14	do	do		Glouc. Rhyl
24	Robert Cox	Recruit	26	do	do		Staffs. Sandsworth
25	Thomas Reutter	do	19	do	do		Shrewsb. Shrewsb.
26	Hugh Leiby	do	29	do	do		Merth. Cardiff

No further record of Hugh's life has come to light but it seems likely that he would have served in the First World War.

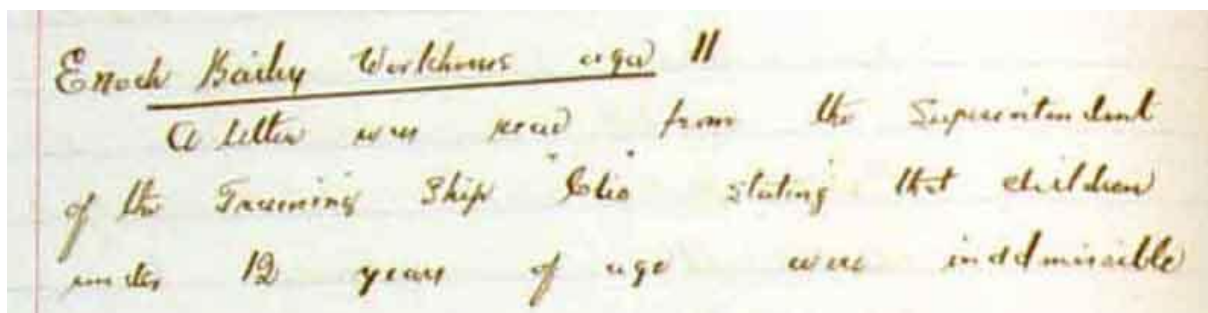
Meanwhile Enoch grew up in the Workhouse and in 1899, the guardians explored the possibility of sending him to the training ship "Clio".



Enoch Bailey Workhouse On the motion of  
Mr Lloyd Jones seconded by Mr P. Rogers it  
was resolved that enquiries be made as to the  
view to the admission of this boy and  
board the "Clio".

V20 p365 04 May 1899

The Superintendent of the "Clio" responded by pointing out that children aged under twelve were inadmissible.



Enoch Bailey Workhouse aged 11  
A letter was read from the Superintendent  
of the Training Ship "Clio" stating that children  
under 12 years of age were inadmissible

V20 p369 01 June 1899

Although the minutes record that Enoch was aged eleven, he was in fact only nine. Perhaps Enoch had become so much of a problem that the Guardians had stretched the truth in an attempt to have him moved away!

Later in 1899, Enoch was in serious trouble ....

Enoch Bailey Workhouse This boy having stolen a  
Watch belonging to the Porter and the Justice  
having remanded the case to consider the  
propriety of sending the boy to a Reformatory  
the proposal was unanimously approved -

V21 p5 16 November 1899

The Reformatory selected by the Justices was Stoke Farm Reformatory School.

**The Stoke Farm Reformatory for Boys** was founded in 1853 by Quaker politician and social reformer, Joseph Sturge, on the site of a farm at Stoke Prior, sixteen miles from Birmingham.

The buildings were extended with dormitories, school rooms and workshops. Sturge agreed to receive boys who had been convicted of a criminal offence, as an Alternative to their going to prison. Boys were given classroom education and industrial training. They were chiefly employed in agricultural work and gardening on the School's own 70 acre farm. Other trades in which training was provided included tailoring, carpentry and shoemaking.





Soon afterwards, the Home Secretary intervened ....

Enoch Bailey aged 10 late of the Union Workhouse  
The notes reported in regard to this boy now in the Stoke Farm Reformatory School that the Home Secretary had written stating that he had no alternative but to order the discharge of the boy as he was not under legal detention because he had not been convicted twice. Full particulars of the case were sent to the secretary of the Reformatory prior to the case being dealt with by the Justice who on being informed that the boy had been accepted by the authorities of the school committed him there - The authorities being willing to retain the boy for a contribution of 5/- weekly in lieu of the 6/- weekly contribution from the Treasury it was agreed to cede the authorities of the Reformatory to retain the boy pending inquiries as to his transfer to an industrial school.

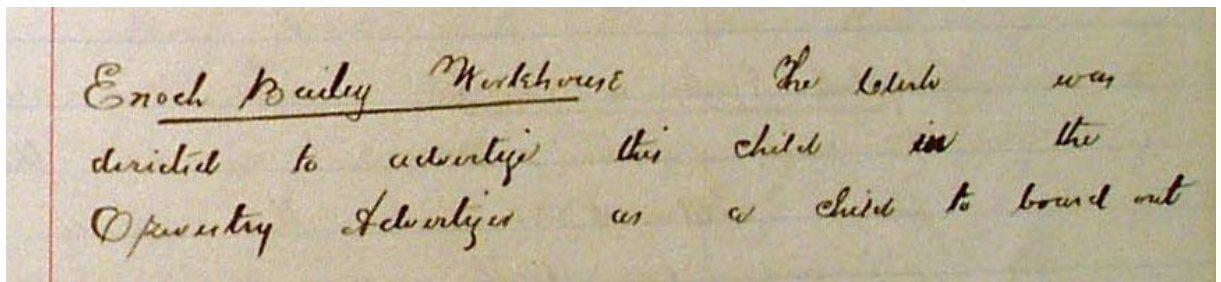
V21 p27 11 January 1900

... and, somewhat reluctantly, the Guardians agreed to take him back.

Enoch Bailey late of the Workhouse  
His case having been again considered and it being impossible to get him admitted to an industrial school it was resolved that he be removed from Stoke Farm Reformatory back to the Workhouse.

V21 p38 8 February 1900

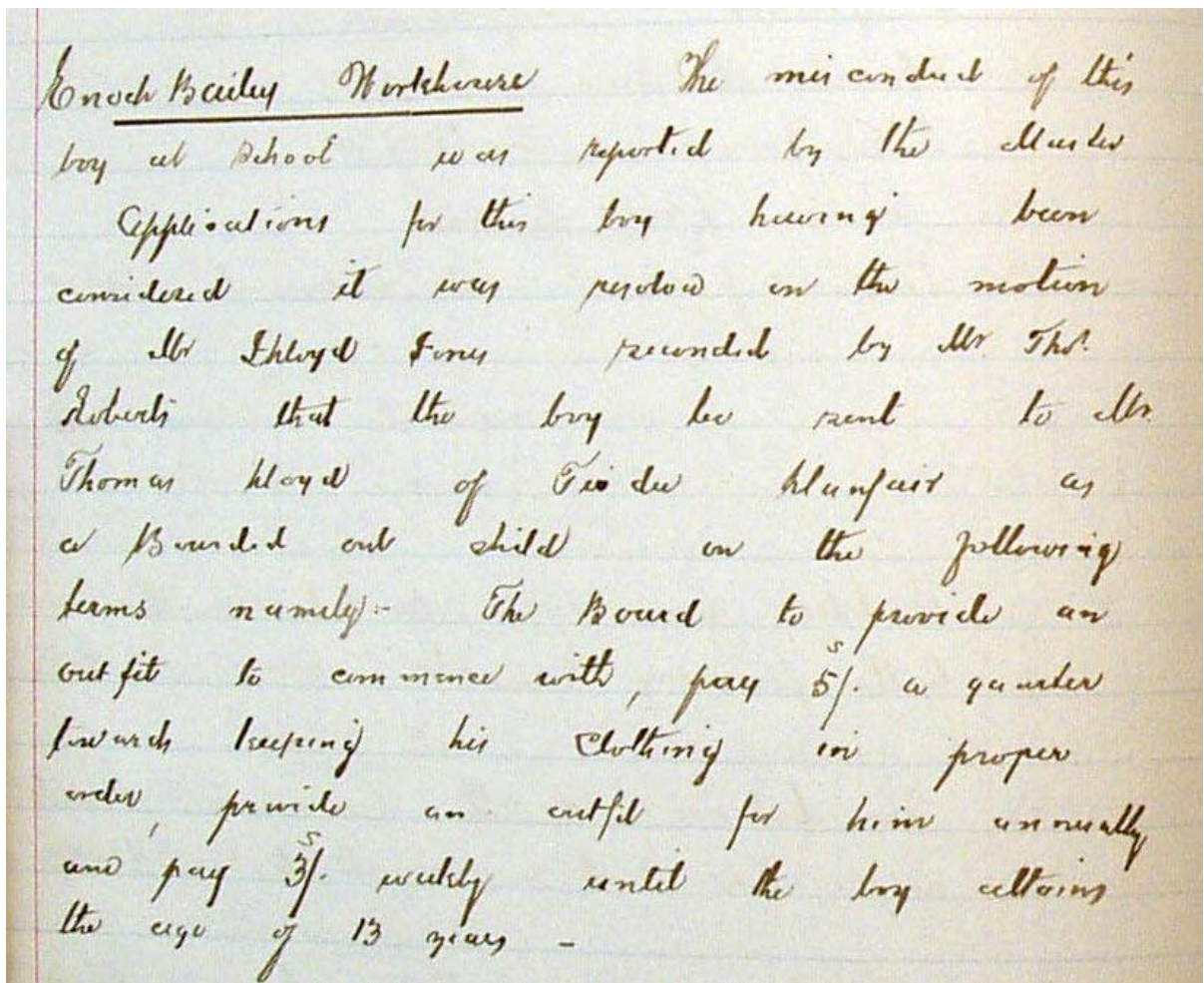
For some years, the practice of "boarding out" orphaned and abandoned children with local families had become well established (the foster parents were paid by the Guardians for their services).



Enoch Bailey Workhouse The Guardians was  
decided to advertise this child in the  
Oxfordshire Advertiser as a child to board out

V21 p58 8 April 1900

Within weeks, Enoch was in trouble again ....



Enoch Bailey Workhouse The misconduct of this  
boy at school was reported by the Master  
Applications for this boy having been  
considered it was resolved in the motion  
of Mr. Edward Jones seconded by Mr. Thos.  
Roberts that the boy be sent to Mr.  
Thomas Lloyd of Finedon blunfast as  
a boarded out child on the following  
terms namely:- The Board to provide an  
outfit to commence with, pay <sup>s</sup> 5/- a quarter  
towards keeping his clothing in proper  
order, provide an outfit for him annually  
and pay <sup>s</sup> 3/- weekly until the boy attains  
the age of 13 years -

V21p071 3 May 1900

A foster parent came forward ....

Enoch Bailey a Boarded out child  
A letter was read from Mr Thomas Lloyd  
dated 11 May 1900 agreeing to the terms  
offered herein and the official undertaking  
was permitted duly signed.

V21p084 31 May 1900

**Tir Du (Ty Du)** was a farm  
in an isolated location  
between Dolanog and  
Pontrobert.

Living there must have  
been a shock for Enoch as,  
until then, he had spent his  
whole life in institutions.



Perhaps Enoch was giving more trouble as, six months later, Thomas Lloyd asked for an increase in maintenance payments.

A letter was read from Mr Thomas Lloyd of  
Tir du dated 7 Nov 1900 applying for an  
increase of pay for the maintenance of  
Enoch Bailey when it was decided to  
reply that the Board cannot accede  
to the application the existing terms being  
more favourable to the foster parent in this  
case than in any other case within  
the Union -

V21 p156 15 November 1900

This would have stretched the Guardians' patience too far and the request was refused!

However Enoch remained with the Lloyd family and is recorded in the 1901 census ....

Administrative County <i>Montgomeryshire</i>			The undermentioned Houses are situate within the boundaries of the													Page 6	
Civil Parish		Ecclesiastical Parish		County Borough, Municipal Borough, or Urban District			Ward of Municipal Borough or of Urban District		Rural District		Parliamentary Borough or Division		Town or Village or Hamlet				
<i>Spencer part of</i>		<i>Delanog part of</i>					<i>Llanfyllin part of</i>		<i>Montgomery part of</i>		<i>Montgomery part of</i>						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
No. of House	ROAD, STREET, &c. and No. or NAME of HOUSE	Uninhabited to 1st April 1901	Partly inhabited	Number of Inhabitants	Name and Surname of each Person	RELATION to Head of Family	Sex	Age last Birthday	PROFESSION OR OCCUPATION	Employer, Worker, or Own account	If Working at Home	WHERE BORN	(1) Deaf and Dumb (2) Blind (3) Lame (4) Idiots, feeble-minded	LANGUAGE SPOKEN (Children under 3 years of age to be excluded)			
28	<i>Spencer</i>	1			<i>James Lloyd</i>	Head	M	57	<i>Farmer</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>Welsh</i>			
					<i>James</i>	son	M	26	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Joseph</i>	son	M	24	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Mary</i>	daughter	F	21	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Margaret</i>	daughter	F	18	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Edwin</i>	son	M	16	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Edward</i>	son	M	5	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
29	<i>Pantllydydd</i>	1			<i>Elizabeth Lloyd</i>	Head	F	48	<i>Farmer</i>			<i>Llanfyllin</i>		<i>Welsh</i>			
					<i>Thomas</i>	son	M	25	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Mary</i>	daughter	F	29	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Mary</i>	daughter	F	2	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
30	<i>Tirdu</i>	1			<i>John</i>	grandson	M	4	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Thomas Lloyd</i>	Head	M	37	<i>Farmer</i>			<i>Llanfyllin</i>		<i>Welsh</i>			
					<i>Margaret</i>	wife	F	36	<i>do</i>			<i>Llanfyllin</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Ellen</i>	daughter	F	15	<i>Domestic</i>			<i>Llanfyllin</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Thomas H Jones</i>	son	M	38	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Enoch</i>	brother	M	11	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>Llanfyllin</i>		<i>English</i>			
					<i>Enoch</i>	brother	M	10	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>Llanfyllin</i>		<i>English</i>			
					<i>William</i>	brother	M	10	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>Llanfyllin</i>		<i>English</i>			
					<i>William</i>	brother	M	15	<i>General</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>William</i>	brother	M	20	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
31	<i>Llanfyllin</i>	1			<i>Margaret Lloyd</i>	Head	F	56	<i>Farmer</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>Welsh</i>			
					<i>Robert</i>	son	M	19	<i>Farmer's son</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Margaret</i>	daughter	F	17	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
32	<i>Spencer</i>	1			<i>Robert</i>	grandson	M	9	<i>do</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Robert</i>	Head	M	54	<i>Farmer</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Elizabeth</i>	wife	F	51	<i>do</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Elizabeth</i>	daughter	F	8	<i>do</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>John</i>	son	M	5	<i>do</i>			<i>Montgomeryshire</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>William</i>	son	M	2	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
					<i>Glady's</i>	niece	F	3	<i>do</i>			<i>do</i>		<i>do</i>			
1	Total of Houses of less than five Rooms		6		Total of Males and of Females			17	14								

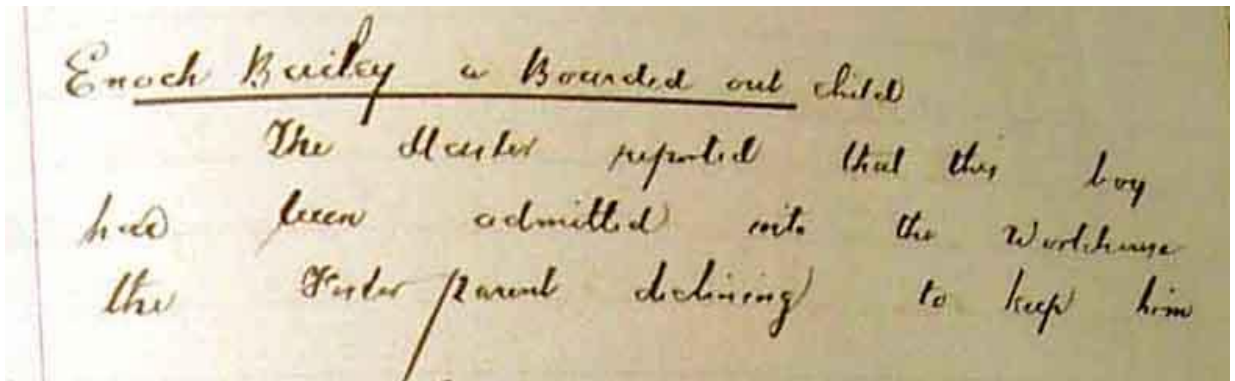
\*Note.—Draw your pen through each word of the headings as are inapplicable.

A further eleven months went by and then Thomas Lloyd wrote to the Guardians .....

*Boarding out*      *Our letter was read from Mr Thomas Lloyd Tirdu informing the Board that Enoch Lloyd had been found to be dishonest and asking the Guardians to take him in hand thereupon the relieving officer Mr Joseph Watkins was instructed to see Mr Lloyd and to make the best arrangement he could in regard to the boy*

V21 p297 17 October 1901

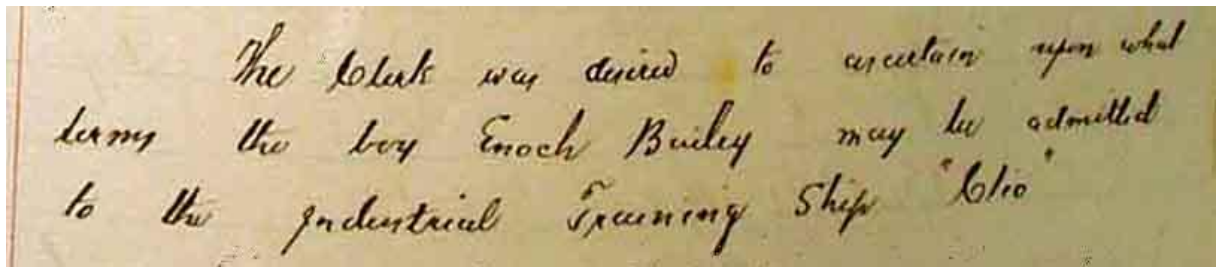
Clearly the situation couldn't be resolved.



Enoch Bailey a Boarded out child  
The Master reported that this boy  
had been admitted into the Workhouse  
the Foster parent declining to keep him

V21 p308 14 November 1901

By 1902, Enoch was twelve years old and the possibility of the Training Ship "Clio" could again be considered.



The Mate was desired to ascertain upon what  
terms the boy Enoch Bailey may be admitted  
to the Industrial Training Ship "Clio"

V21 p406 17 July 1902

### Training Ship 'Clio'

**HMS Clio** was a wooden 22-gun [Pearl-class corvette](#), built at [Sheerness Dockyard](#) and launched on 28 August 1858. Following decommissioning in 1877, the *Clio* was towed to the Menai Straits and, for the next 40 years, provided care and training for homeless, destitute and poor respectable boys aged 12 to 16. Discipline aboard ships like the *Clio* was strict and the birch used to enforce it. Sleeping arrangements provided their own punishment - the boys slept in hammocks which must have been icy-cold in winter.



The ship had room for around 260 boys but by 1879 only 10 had been brought from North West Wales and at least 70 per cent of the boys came from Poor Law authorities in London, Liverpool and Manchester. The Admiralty provided a grant for boys who left the *Clio* to join the Navy but the ship was largely financed through fees paid by Poor Law Unions and School Boards for the paupers they found difficult to contain in workhouses. Few of these boys had stable families and many were orphans. In 1879 only 5 boys were presented for training by their parents. She was sold for scrap and broken up in 1919.

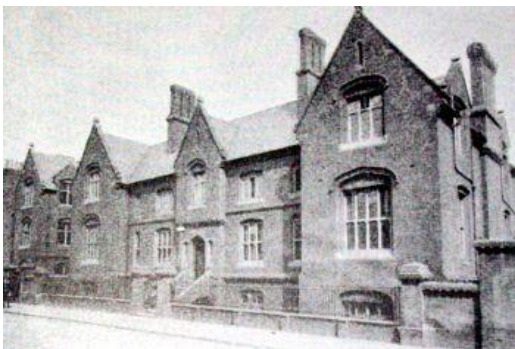
Enoch Bailey Workhouse The terms of a comparison  
on board the Industrial Training Ship "Ohio"  
were considered and the school was desired  
to ascertain the terms of other industrial  
schools -

Shortly afterwards another possibility emerged ....

Enoch Bailey Workhouse The school having  
submitted terms of a comparison into  
various Industrial Schools it was  
resolved on the motion of J. Jones Esq.  
seconded by the Vice Chairman that  
steps be taken to send this boy  
to the Certified Industrial School, Gem  
Street, Birmingham -

V21 p427 11 September 1902

## Birmingham Free Industrial School for Boys.



The Reverend Grantham Munton Yorke founded a ragged school for necessitous children in 1847. Land was found on Gem Street, money was raised for the construction and a government grant was provided for the erection of school-rooms, workshops, kitchen and laundry.

In 1894, there were 24 boys working as tailors, 16 shoemakers, 40 wood-choppers and 11 out-workers, mostly in brass-casting works. In 1896, the premises were described as a 'dingy institutional building' and 'hemmed in by factories and other buildings'. There were now 24 tailors, 16 shoemakers, 12 juniors doing sewing and darning, 6 working in the house and kitchen, and 9 in the laundry. Wood-chopping, in the afternoons only, occupied 20 boys.

The School had no playing-field, but the boys went once a week to a public park for cricket and football. All the boys were allowed out on Bank Holidays, and every boy had at least 11 days at the seaside. There was a library of 300 books, recreation room and gymnastic apparatus.

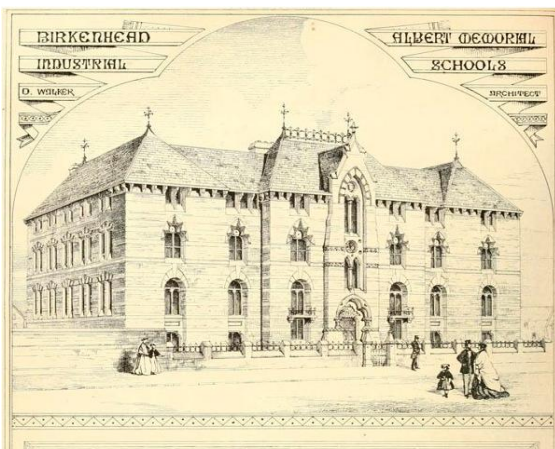
Birmingham Free Industrial School refused the application....

*Enoch Bailey Workhouse* A letter was read  
from the Governor of the *Birfenhead*  
Industrial School *Gem Street Birmingham*  
dated 22 September 1902 declining to  
admit this boy owing to the  
Medical Report that to the effect that  
the boy suffered from incontinence of  
urine - It was decided to apply  
for the admission of the boy to the  
Albert Industrial School Birkenhead -

V21 p438/9 9 October 1902

... and an alternative had to be found.

## The Albert Memorial Birkenhead Industrial School



In 1864 Sir William Jackson donated land for the building of the Birkenhead industrial school. The school was to stand in the centre of the poorest area of Birkenhead – on Corporation Road in the heart of Dockland. The school, a memorial to the late Prince Consort, was to provide education and care for 120 boys and 60 girls from poor homes in the locality. One of the prime aims of England's industrial schools was to provide a decent education outside of the workhouse and of correctional establishments and many boys were sent there by the magistrates. Originally a mixed school, in 1899 became a boys only school.

An inspection report in 1896 described the School as gloomy, with the windows being small and badly placed. The boys' upper dormitory was overcrowded, and the sick-room miserable. The boys were provided with some gymnastic apparatus, but no regular gymnastic instruction. However, a good playing field had been acquired in front of the school and football and cricket matches were played with outside teams. The boys were taken to the river shore for bathing. The school was closed in 1924.

The application to the Birkenhead Industrial School was successful.

Enoch Bailey The Clerk reported the admission of this boy into the Albert Industrial School Corporation and Birkenhead on the 29 Oct 1902

V22 p7 6 November 1902

It seems the Police were required to transfer Enoch to Birkenhead ....

Enoch Bailey A bill received from the Police for expenses of removal of this boy to the Albert Industrial School Birkenhead was submitted and the Clerk was directed to inform the Chief Constable that the expenses in question appeared to form part of the current expenses of the Police Authority -

V22 p17 4 December 1902

.... but the School gave favourable reports.

A letter was read from Mr J. Waterson dated 10 Nov. 1902 containing a favourable report in regard to this boy and on the motion of J. Jones Esq seconded by Mr J. Jones it was decided to thank Mr Waterson for his letter

V22 p17 4 December 1902



Enoch Bailey Albert Industrial School  
A favourable report received  
from the Governor of the School  
upon this boy was read  
to the meeting -

V22 p47 29 January 1903

Enoch Bailey Albert Industrial School Birkenhead  
A report received from the Superintendent  
of this school was read to the meeting

V22 p 150 8 October 1903

Thereafter the Guardians made regular quarterly payments to the Albert Memorial Industrial School on behalf of Enoch, such as ..

<p><u>Certified Schools Act</u> Witnessed by the Treasurer of Albert Memorial Birkenhead Industrial School</p>	<p>4 11</p>
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V22 p231 21 April 1904

Payments continued until May 1906.

In May 1906, the Guardians received a final report from the Albert Memorial Birkenhead Industrial School on Enoch, now aged 16.

Enoch Blainey of Albert Memorial Birkenhead Industrial School

A letter was read from the Governor of this Institution stating that Enoch Bailey had now left the School and had started life as a Shoemaker.

V23 p83 18 May 1806

Enoch is next discovered in the 1911 census ....

**CENSUS OF ENGLAND AND WALES, 1911.**

*Before writing on this Schedule please read the Examples and the Instructions given on the other side of the paper, as well as the headings of the Columns. The entries should be written in Ink.*

Number of Schedule 263  
(To be filled up by the Enumerator after enumeration.)

*The contents of the Schedule will be treated as confidential. Strict care will be taken that no information is disclosed with regard to individual persons. The returns are not to be used for proof of age, as in connection with Old Age Pensions, or for any other purpose than the preparation of Statistical Tables.*

NAME AND SURNAME	RELATIONSHIP to Head of Family.	AGE last Birthday and SEX.	PARTICULARS as to MARRIAGE.				PROFESSION or OCCUPATION of Persons aged ten years and upwards.				BIRTHPLACE of every person.	NATIONALITY of every Person born in a Foreign Country.	INFIRMITY.
			State, for each Married Woman entered on this Schedule, the number of—	Completed years the present Marriage has lasted.	Children born alive.	Children who have died.	Personal Occupation.	Industry or Service with which worker is connected.	Whether Employer, Worker, or Working on Own Account.	Whether Working at Home.			
1 <u>Enoch Mattney</u>	<u>Head</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>Married</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>Coach Painter 697</u>	<u>Worker</u>	<u>At Home</u>	<u>Cheshire, Northwich</u>	<u>W</u>
2 <u>Elsy Mattney</u>	<u>Wife</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>Married</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>			<u>At Home</u>	<u>Lancs, Liverpool</u>	
3 <u>Enoch &amp; Ethel Mattney</u>	<u>Son</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>Single</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>Boat Repairer 300</u>	<u>Worker</u>	<u>At Home</u>	<u>Wales</u>	<u>W</u>
4 <u>Enoch Bailey</u>	<u>Boarder</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>Single</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>			<u>At Home</u>	<u>Wales</u>	<u>W</u>

(To be filled up by the Enumerator)

I certify that—  
 (1) All the ages on this Schedule are entered in the proper sex column.  
 (2) I have entered the males and females in Columns 3 and 4 respectively, and have compared their sum with the total number of persons.  
 (3) After making the necessary corrections I have completed all entries on this Schedule which appeared to be defective, and have corrected such as appeared to be erroneous.

Initials of Enumerator WJH

Males 3 Females 1 Persons 4

(To be filled up by, or on behalf of, the Head of Family or other person in possession, or in charge, of this dwelling.)

I declare that this Schedule is correctly filled up to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature Enoch Mattney  
 Postal Address 27 Seabrook Rd. Fairfield, Liverpool

.... as single, living as a boarder in a house in Fairfield, Liverpool, and working as a boot repairer.

Sadly, this was not to last and Enoch died on 16 November 1912, aged 22.

Registration District WEST DERBY.									
1912 DEATHS in the Sub-District of WALTON in the County of LIVERPOOL C.B.									
Columns -	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.
No.	When and Where Died.	Name and Surname.	Sex.	Age.	Rank or Profession.	Cause of Death.	Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant.	When Registered.	Signature of Registrar.
139	Twentieth November 1912 Workhouse wvo.	Enoch Bailey	Male	22 years	a Boot Repairer of St Butler Street West Derby wvo.	Pulmonary Tuberculosis Certified by S. Muller M.D.	E. A. Gotts Master Workhouse Walton	Twenty sixth November 1912	B. S. Bailey Registrar.

The cause of death is recorded as tuberculosis and took place in Walton Workhouse, Liverpool.

## Walton Workhouse



The **Walton workhouse** was built in 1864-9 on Rice Lane at Walton-on-the-Hill to serve the northern part of the Union. It was designed by William Culshaw. The Walton workhouse initially accommodated 1,200 inmates and its construction cost £65,000. It gradually expanded and by 1930 could hold up to 2,500. The workhouse later became Walton Institution and then Walton Hospital until its closure in the late 1990s.

Walton Workhouse had a large infirmary and it is likely that Enoch was admitted by reason of his ill-health rather than poverty. Nevertheless it is ironic that he should have started and ended his days in the workhouse.